



**Environmental
Product
Declaration**
ISO14025+EN15804+A2

This declaration is for:
Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls
Provided by:
AkzoNobel Decorative Paints (Dulux Trade)



MRPI® registration:
00108.2026.1.0
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COMPANY INFORMATION

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MRPI® REGISTRATION

00108.2026.1.0

DATE OF THIS ISSUE

26-10-2026

EXPIRY DATE

26-10-2031

SCOPE OF DECLARATION

This MRPI®-EPD certificate is verified by Vroege, Gert-Jan, Eco-Intelligence. The LCA study has been done by Wiersema, Brienne, Ecomatters B.V.. The certificate is based on a LCA-dossier According to ISO14025+EN15804+A2. It is verified according to the 'Verification protocol for MRPI LCA project report & EPD 16th of April 2026, V. 5.3'. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN15804+A2.

PROGRAM OPERATOR

Stichting MRPI
Kingsfordweg 151
1043 GR
Amsterdam

PRODUCT

Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls

DECLARED AND FUNCTIONAL UNIT

Area (1 m2)

DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT

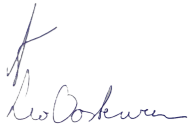
Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls is a water based emulsion paint that delivers a non-reflective dead flat matt finish that enhances the look of the interior spaces.

VISUAL PRODUCT



MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.duluxtradepaintexpert.co.uk/en/products/dulux-trade-ultra-matt-interior-walls>

Ing. L. L. Oosterveen MSc. MBA Managing Director MRPI	Demonstration of verification
	CEN standard EN15804 serves as the core PCR [1]
	Independent verification of the declaration and data ISO14025+EN15804+A2 Internal: External: X
	Independent verifier: Vroege, Gert-Jan, Eco-Intelligence. Certified NMD verifier.
	
	[1] PCR = Product Category Rules





DETAILED PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls is a water based emulsion paint that delivers a non-reflective dead flat matt finish that enhances the look of the interior spaces. It offers outstanding touch-up capabilities and excellent durability, while its high opacity ensures excellent coverage.

Our formula is 99.9% VOC free, based on in-can VOC content and measured in accordance with ISO 11890-2:2020.

Typical use

Suitable for interior use on all normal interior wall and ceiling surfaces

Application method

Brush, roller or airless spray. As with other water-based paints, do not apply in temperatures below 8°C (as recommended by the British Standard BS 6150).

Pack size

The products are packed in a packaging with a capacity of 2.5 and 5 liters.

Production process and conditions delivery

During paint production, the raw materials are pre-weighed according to the percentage of each in the formulation. The pigment is then dispersed in a mixture of binder and solvent using a variety of machines. The amount and type of dispersion is product specific and depends on the type of finish required. Finally, tinter is added to correct the colour, the paint is thinned to viscosity, filtered and filled into the appropriate packaging container. All paint containers are transported from the production sites to a distribution center and finally to the customers in the UK.

Component (> 1%)	(kg / %)
Pigment: Lightfast pigments	Confidential
Binder: Acrylic Copolymer Dispersion	Confidential
Solvent: Water	Confidential

Biogenic carbon content	Unit	Amount of uptake per functional unit
Biogenic carbon content in product	Kg C	0
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	Kg C	0,00258
Note that 1 kg of biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44 / 12 kg of CO ₂ .		

SCOPE AND TYPE

Background database: Ecoinvent 3.9

Method: Cut-off by classification

Software: Sphera LCA for Experts

Characterization factor: Environmental Footprint (EF) 3.1

The type of this EPD is Cradle-to-Grave with options. All major steps from the extraction of natural resources to the final disposal of the product are included in the environmental performance of the manufacturing phase, except those that are not relevant to the environmental performance of the product. This declaration does not imply an indicator result of zero.

This EPD is representative for products produced in Italy and in the UK and the application market is also for customers in the UK. For the end-of-life, as a conservative assumption, the fate of the paint product is described within a global context.

The software Sphera LCA for Experts 10.7.1.28 is used to perform the LCA. In the model Ecoinvent 3.9.1 database was used.

The validity of this EPD is in correspondence with the specifications of the LCA project report.

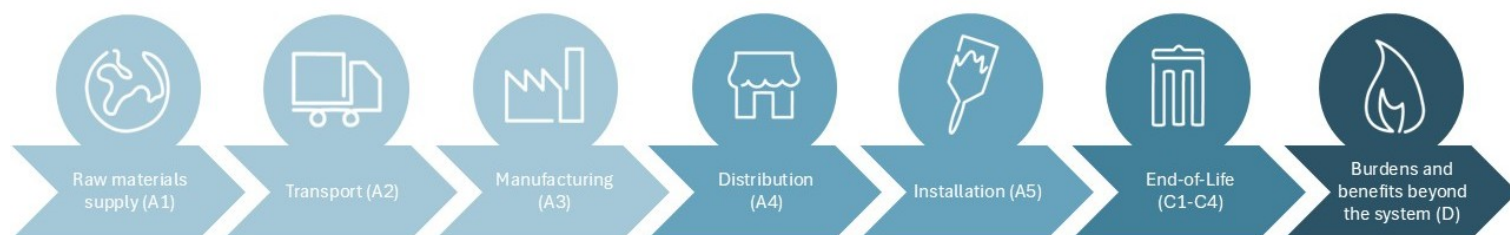
All impacts associated with the upstream production of materials and energy are included in the system boundaries. Mining activities and controlled landfills are included in the product systems. The emissions and resource extractions derived from these processes are considered elementary exchanges between the product systems and the environment.





PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE							END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport gate to site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse - Recovery - Recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
x	x	x	x	x	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	x	x	x	x	x

X = Modules Assesed
ND = Not Declared



REPRESENTATIVENESS (IF AVERAGE)

This EPD is representative for four paint products to Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls:

1. Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls White
2. Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls Light Base
3. Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls Medium Base
4. Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls Extra Deep Base

This EPD is representative for products manufactured in Italy and the UK, and sold in the UK.



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT PER FUNCTIONAL UNIT OR DECLARED UNIT (CORE INDICATORS A2)

Unit		A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO ₂ eq	1.26E-01	3.85E-03	2.48E-02	1.55E-01	5.72E-03	1.25E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	6.96E-04	0.00E+00	2.43E-02	-9.36E-03
GWP-fossil	kg CO ₂ eq	1.26E-01	3.85E-03	3.24E-02	1.62E-01	5.72E-03	4.46E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	6.95E-04	0.00E+00	2.43E-02	-9.39E-03
GWP-biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq	2.36E-04	2.97E-06	-7.59E-03	-7.36E-03	3.21E-06	8.02E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	2.56E-07	0.00E+00	1.05E-06	3.05E-05
GWP-luluc	kg CO ₂ eq	1.27E-04	1.82E-06	1.89E-05	1.48E-04	2.78E-06	5.61E-07	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	3.46E-07	0.00E+00	3.47E-07	-3.32E-06
ODP (A2)	kg CFC11 eq	4.28E-07	8.46E-11	2.20E-10	4.28E-07	1.09E-10	2.54E-11	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.15E-11	0.00E+00	1.76E-11	-2.49E-10
AP mol H+	mol H+ eq	9.10E-04	1.61E-05	9.55E-05	1.02E-03	2.44E-05	6.18E-06	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	3.05E-06	0.00E+00	5.46E-06	-3.65E-05
EP-freshwater	kg P eq	1.96E-05	2.75E-07	1.18E-06	2.11E-05	4.39E-07	9.67E-08	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	5.66E-08	0.00E+00	7.36E-08	-3.53E-06
EP-marine	kg N eq	1.40E-04	6.10E-06	2.41E-05	1.71E-04	9.12E-06	2.69E-06	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.12E-06	0.00E+00	2.25E-06	-8.77E-06
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq	1.56E-03	6.50E-05	2.39E-04	1.87E-03	9.72E-05	2.79E-05	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.19E-05	0.00E+00	2.43E-05	-9.02E-05
POCP kg NMVOC	kg NMVOC eq	4.48E-04	2.43E-05	7.93E-05	5.52E-04	3.57E-05	1.40E-05	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	4.30E-06	0.00E+00	7.51E-06	-4.99E-05
ADP-minerals & metals	kg Sb eq	3.55E-07	1.04E-08	2.16E-08	3.87E-07	1.55E-08	-4.57E-09	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.89E-09	0.00E+00	1.16E-09	-6.47E-09
ADP-fossil	MJ, net calorific value	1.90E+00	5.72E-02	3.51E-01	2.31E+00	8.52E-02	2.16E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.04E-02	0.00E+00	1.32E-02	-1.34E-01
WDP	m3 world eq. Deprived	4.01E+00	3.81E-04	-6.66E-04	4.01E+00	5.71E-04	9.14E-05	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	6.98E-05	0.00E+00	5.74E-04	-4.97E-04

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total
 GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels
 GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic total
 GWP-LULUC = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change
 ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer
 AP = Acidification Potential, Accumulated Exceedence
 AP-freshwater = Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment
 EP-marine = Eutrophication Potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment
 EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication Potential, Accumulated Exceedence
 POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants
 ADP-minerals & metals = Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources [1]
 ADP-fossil = Abiotic Depletion for fossil resources potential [1]
 WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption [1]

Disclaimer [1]:

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT PER FUNCTIONAL UNIT OR DECLARED UNIT (ADDITIONAL INDICATORS A2)

Unit		A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	Disease incidence	2.22E-08	3.07E-10	1.26E-09	2.37E-08	4.57E-10	1.13E-10	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	5.55E-11	0.00E+00	8.88E-11	-7.06E-10
IRP	kBq U235 eq	1.63E-02	7.14E-05	8.63E-04	1.72E-02	9.09E-05	1.49E-05	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	9.35E-06	0.00E+00	9.70E-06	-1.59E-04
ETP-fw	CTUe	9.38E+00	2.68E-02	7.19E-02	9.48E+00	4.20E-02	1.25E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	5.33E-03	0.00E+00	1.25E+00	-3.14E-02
HTP-c	CTUh	2.22E-10	1.77E-12	3.39E-11	2.58E-10	2.63E-12	4.13E-12	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	3.19E-13	0.00E+00	3.09E-11	-5.06E-11
HTP-nc	CTUh	1.12E-09	3.53E-11	1.18E-10	1.28E-09	5.29E-11	2.68E-11	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	6.46E-12	0.00E+00	9.45E-11	-4.19E-11
SQP	-	2.60E-01	5.74E-02	1.14E+00	1.46E+00	8.52E-02	1.99E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.03E-02	0.00E+00	2.28E-02	-2.16E-02

PM = Potential incidence of disease due to particulate matter emissions
 IRP = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 [1]
 ETP-fw = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems [2]
 HTP-c = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans, cancer [2]
 HTP-nc = Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans, non-cancer [2]
 SQP = Potential soil quality index [2]

Disclaimer [1]:

- This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste.

Disclaimer [2]:

- The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES PER FUNCTIONAL OR DECLARED UNIT (A1 AND A2)

Unit		A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.78E-04	3.78E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NHWD	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.07E-03	1.07E-03	0.00E+00	9.94E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.33E-02	0.00E+00
RWD	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
CRU	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MFR	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.60E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MER	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.10E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
EEE	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
ETE	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

HWD = Hazardous Waste Disposed
 NHWD = Non Hazardous Waste Disposed
 RWD = Radioactive Waste Disposed
 CRU = Components for reuse
 MFR = Materials for recycling
 MER = Materials for energy recovery
 EEE = Exported Electrical Energy
 ETE = Exported Thermal Energy

RESOURCE USE PER FUNCTIONAL OR DECLARED UNIT (A1 AND A2)

Unit		A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	5.57E-02	8.30E-04	1.63E-01	2.19E-01	1.14E-03	3.64E-05	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.29E-04	0.00E+00	1.53E-04	-2.48E-03
PERM	MJ	1.84E-04	4.15E-10	4.79E-05	2.32E-04	6.23E-10	1.52E-10	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	7.70E-11	0.00E+00	2.25E-10	-6.65E-10
PERT	MJ	5.59E-02	8.30E-04	1.63E-01	2.19E-01	1.14E-03	3.64E-05	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.29E-04	0.00E+00	1.53E-04	-2.48E-03
PENRE	MJ	1.90E+00	5.72E-02	3.51E-01	2.31E+00	8.52E-02	2.16E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.04E-02	0.00E+00	1.32E-02	-1.34E-01
PENRM	MJ	7.66E-07	0.00E+00	6.38E-10	7.67E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
PENRT	MJ	1.90E+00	5.72E-02	3.51E-01	2.31E+00	8.52E-02	2.16E-02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.04E-02	0.00E+00	1.32E-02	-1.34E-01
SM	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	m3	9.34E-02	8.88E-06	-6.35E-06	9.34E-02	1.33E-05	2.13E-06	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.00E+00	1.63E-06	0.00E+00	1.34E-05	-1.16E-05

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials
 PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
 PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources
 PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non-renewable energy resources used as raw materials
 PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
 PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources
 SM = Use of secondary materials
 RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels
 NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels
 FW = Use of net fresh water



CALCULATION RULES

Cut off criteria

The only cut-off is considered in the installation stage (A5). The energy consumed during application, used for instance in spray applications, has not been included due to its insignificance.

Data quality and data collection period

Specific data was collected from AkzoNobel through a questionnaire, including inquiries about paint characteristics and packaging, logistics data (e.g. transport), production information and end-of-life. The data collection period for specific data was the year 2022.

Data gaps (i.e. transport data, end of life scenarios) were covered with data generic values for transport as described in the Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules - Decorative Paints document version 1.0 published by CEPE and reviewed in April 2018. Further data gaps (i.e. end-of-life transport data) were covered with data from internal AkzoNobel LCA studies concerning the same type of products (paints and coatings). Generic data (i.e. upstream acquisition and production of raw materials, energy generation, transport, waste treatment processes) was selected from Ecoinvent 3.9.1 database. In the case of missing data, a relevant proxy was searched and adjusted to the corresponding unit process.

Allocation procedure

To allocate the emissions and inputs to the manufactured products, the decision-hierarchy in ISO 14044 is used (ISO 2006). It is not possible to sub-divide the site data into a more detailed level or find physical causalities between inputs and outputs, thus allocation is done based on mass, considering the annual production of paint product for each site. The paint production is basically a process of mixing ingredients and, therefore, the environmental impact is fairly to be related to the mass of the products.

Parameter	Value	Unit
VOC content	0,3	g/l
Density	1,4	kg/l
Coverage	17	m2/l
Number of layers	1	Quantity
Total product used	0,08	kg/m2

POWER MIX

The electricity is modelled using a market-based approach. The renewable electricity is modelled according to the source(s) listed in the applicable GoOs for the manufacturing site(s). On-site electricity generation is modelled as such. In case (part of) the electricity consumption is not covered by GoOs or own electricity production, the residual mix for the relevant geography is taken (Ecoinvent 3.9.1). Electricity consumption in the manufacturing does not account for more than 30% of the total energy use in module A1-A3.





SCENARIOS AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

- A1. Raw materials supply**
 This module considers the extraction and processing of all raw materials and energy which occur upstream to the Ultra Matt Interior Walls White manufacturing process, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state.
- A2. Transport of raw materials to manufacturer**
 This includes the transport distance of the raw materials to the manufacturing facility via road and sea.

Vehicle used for transport	Truck (UK)	Ship (UK)	Truck (Italy)
Distance, km	348	35	460
Capacity	>32 t ,60% payload	Container ship, 70%	>32 t ,64% payload

- A3. Manufacturing**
 This module covers the manufacturing of the Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls and includes all processes linked to production such as storing, mixing, packing and internal transportation. Use of electricity, fuels and auxiliary materials in paint production is taken into account as well.
- Data regarding paint production was provided for the manufacturing sites where the Dulux Trade Ultra Matt Interior Walls was produced (Italy and UK). The transportation distances and transportation modes for raw materials, packaging materials and to customer were collected from the AkzoNobel logistics department. Primary data and site-specific data were retrieved and data gaps were covered with data generic values for transport as described in the Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules - Decorative Paints document version 1.0 published by CEPE. For electricity sources (renewable mix) the Ecoinvent 3.9.1 dataset was used. For upstream (raw material processes) and downstream processes (application, use, and waste processing) generic data is used when no specific data is obtained.

The construction site data includes lighting, heating, offices, etc. The manufacture of production equipment and infrastructure is not included in the system boundary.

- A4. Transport to Regional Distribution Centre and customer**
 All paint containers are transported from the production facility into a distribution centre and then finally to the customer. On average, the transport characteristics for this life cycle stage are the following:

Coatings transport type	Transport from factory to RDC (UK)	Transport from RDC to Point of Sale (customer) (UK)	Transport from factory to RDC (Italy)	Transport from RDC to Point of Sale (customer) (Italy)
Transport Type	Truck	Truck	Truck	Truck
Distance (km)	142,4	200	350	370
Capacity	>32 t, 60% payload	>32 t, 60% payload	>32 t, 64% payload	>32 t, 64% payload

- A5. Application and use**
 This module includes the environmental aspects and impacts associated with the application and of the paint. The energy required for the application of this paint has not been included in the study as it is deemed negligible. The use of paintbrushes and other appliances used during application are not included. There are some raw materials added in the paint formulations which contain small amounts of solvents. The VOC emissions from the application process have been included in the assessment.

- C2. Transport to incineration or landfill**
 This module includes one-way transportation distance of the demolition or sorting site to the dump site. Transportation distances to the disposal facility were retrieved from the Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules – Decorative paints document.

End-of-life transport type	Transport to waste processing
Vehicle type	Truck 34t-40t payload average fleet
Distance	80 km
Capacity utilisation	64%

- C3. Waste processing and C4. Disposal**
 The end of life stage is encompassed in these modules. It is assumed that paint is used as interior wall paint. It is assumed that part of the paint is lost during application and the rest is applied.





Classification of paint, based on function	% of sold paint to landfill	% of sold paint to incineration
Interior wall decorative paint	88%	12%

DECLARATION OF SVHC

None of the substances contained in the product are listed in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorisation", or they do not exceed the threshold with the European Chemicals Agency.

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- Thinkstep GaBi Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright 1992-2018 ThinkStep AG.
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REMARKS

There are no further remarks.

